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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER

8- 50160

# FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	07/01/2007	AND ENDING	06/30/2008
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REC	GISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: KILLARNE	Y SECURITIES CORPORAT	ION	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. I	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
230 PARK AVENUE, SUITE 1154			· ·
	(No. and Street)		
NEW YORK	NY	10	169-1141
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PI ERROL H. BRICK	ERSON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS RE	PORT (212) 949-6656
			(Area Code – Telephone Number
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT V	vhose opinion is contained	in this Report*	
	(Name - if individual, state last,	first, middle name)	
477 MADISON AVENUE, 10TH FLC	OR NEW YORK	NY	10022-5892
(Address)	(City)	(State)	ROCESSED (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		•	SEP 0 5 2008 89
<ul> <li>Certified Public Accountant</li> </ul>			
☐ Public Accountant		THC	OMSON REUTERS
☐ Accountant not resident in Uni	ted States or any of its poss	sessions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	
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SEC 1410 (06-02)

<sup>\*</sup>Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

# OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, ERROL H. BRICK	, swear (or affirm	n) that, to the best of
	ncial statement and supporting schedules pertaining	to the firm of
KILLARNEY SECURITIES CORPORAT		, as
of JUNE 30	2008, are true and correct. I further s	•
	, principal officer or director has any proprietary inte	rest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as	follows:	
· .	-	ta , torba,
	Signature	
	78	
	PRESIDENT	
DANA FI	GG Title	
1 / 1/1/1 / NI	02832	
Notary Public MY COMMISSION EXP	RES DEC. 8, 20	
}	,	
This report ** contains (check all applicable bo	es):	
<ul><li>(a) Facing Page.</li><li>(b) Statement of Financial Condition.</li></ul>		
(c) Statement of Financial Condition.		
(d) Statement of Changes HK Kanahanak Con	MXXX Cash Flows	•
• •	Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Sub	ordinated to Claims of Creditors.	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.		•
☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Rese	rve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.  or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.	
	explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under F	Pule 15c3-1 and the
0)	eserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-	
	d unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with	
consolidation.		•
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.		
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Repo		60 1
ட (п) A report describing any material inadequ	acies found to exist or found to have existed since the d	ate of the previous audi

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

# **CONTENTS**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS	i
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY4	,
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	į
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	j
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIRED BY RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISION10	ì
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM RULE 15c3-3	

# Hays & Gompany LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Globally: MOORE STEPHENS HAYS LLP

477 MADISON AVENUE NEW YORK, NY 10022-5892 TELEPHONE: 212-572-5500 FACSIMILE: 212-572-5572 www.haysco.com

DAVID A. LIFSON, CPA EDWARD A. KUCZMARSKI, CPA RONALD B. HEGT, CPA STUART M. FRIEDMAN, CPA CAROL S. MESSMAN, CPA TIMOTHY H. BOEHMER, CPA J. TIMOTHY GARLAND, CPA

> Board of Directors and Shareholder Killarney Securities Corporation

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Killarney Securities Corporation as of June 30, 2008 and 2007 and the related statements of operations, changes in shareholder's equity and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Killarney Securities Corporation as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on page 10 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

August 26, 2008

New York, New York

Hays & Company LLP

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

	June 30,			
		2008		2007
ASSETS				•
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	55,095	\$	55,340
Due from Killarney Advisors Incorporated		531,038		355,120
Accounts receivable		-		22,500
Prepaid expenses		-		1,240
Securities, at fair value (cost of \$35,950)		40,930		42,826
	\$	627,063	\$	477,026
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY				
Liabilities				
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$	309	\$	-
Deferred income taxes				2,000
Total liabilities		309		2,000
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 3, 5, 6, 7 and 8)				
Shareholder's equity		626,754		475,026
	\$	627,063	\$	477,026

# **STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	Ye	Year ended June 30,			
	200	<u>8</u>	2007		
Revenue					
Capital markets advisory and consulting fees	\$ 49	94,226 \$	524,075		
Unrealized loss on securities		(1,896)	(114)		
Interest income		125	1,246		
Other income	;	35,000	-		
	52	27,455	525,207		
Expenses					
Occupancy and administrative costs	33	33,063	358,469		
Office and miscellaneous expenses	2	24,481	18,217		
Dues and subscriptions		3,092	775		
	36	60,636	377,461		
Income before provision for income taxes	16	66,819	147,746		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes					
Current	•	17,091	10,395		
Deferred		(2,000)	2,800		
		15,091	13,195		
Net income	\$ 15	51,728 \$	134,551		

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

# YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

	_	Common stock (1)	Ad	ditional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	•	Total
Balance, July 1, 2006	\$	5	\$	10,495	\$ 414,975	\$	425,475
Net income Dividends paid		- 		-	134,551 (85,000)		134,551 (85,000)
Balance, June 30, 2007		5		10,495	464,526		475,026
Net income	_	-	_	<del>-</del>	 151,728		151,728
Balance, June 30, 2008	\$	5	<u>\$</u>	10,495	\$ 616,254	\$	626,754

<sup>(1)</sup> Par value \$0.01 per share, 1,000 shares authorized, 500 shares issued and outstanding.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year ended June 30,				
		2008		2007	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
Cash flows from operating activities  Net income	\$	151,728	\$	134,551	
	Ψ	131,720	Ψ	154,551	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash					
(used in) provided by operating activities					
Unrealized loss on securities		1,896		114	
Deferred income taxes		(2,000)		2,800	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Accounts receivable		22,500		(22,500)	
Prepaid expenses		1,240		(1,240)	
Due from Killarney Advisors Incorporated		(175,918)		(15,341)	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		309		(8,915)	
		<del></del>			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(245)	_	89,469	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Cash paid for securities purchased				(25,000)	
Cash paid for securities purchased				(25,000)	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Dividends paid		_		(85,000)	
<b>'</b>				(,)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(245)		(20,531)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		55,340		75,871	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$</u>	55,095	<u>\$</u>	55,340	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information					
Income taxes paid	\$	768	\$	20,104	

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007**

#### 1 The Company

Killarney Securities Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York and is registered as a broker-dealer under section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company is an investment banking firm operating principally in the United States with an office located in New York City. The Company's principal business activities include municipal securities broker, private placements of securities and investment banking advisory services to institutional clients. The Company is licensed as a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), formerly the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD"). The Company carries no customer funds and is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

# 2 Significant accounting policies

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue from capital markets advisory and consulting fees is recognized when earned, and no longer subject to renegotiation or refund, which generally approximates when the services are performed.

During fiscal year 2008, the Company received \$35,000 as a one-time special payment from FINRA in connection with the NASD's consolidation with the New York Stock Exchange. This amount is included as other income in the accompanying statement of operations.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include bank deposits due on demand and money market funds, which invest principally in U.S. government securities. All of the Company's cash balances are held at one financial institution and at times may exceed government insured limits.

#### **Securities**

Marketable securities are valued at market value; securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in operations in the reporting period incurred.

## Income taxes

On March 1, 1996, the Company, with the consent of its shareholder, elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be taxed as an S corporation for Federal income tax purposes. In lieu of corporation income taxes, shareholders of an S corporation are generally taxed on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal income taxes has been included in the financial statements. A similar election has also been made for New York State purposes. No such election, however, is available for New York

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007**

### 2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

City purposes. Applicable New York City income taxes have been provided for in the accompanying financial statements.

Commencing during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 the Company began filing its New York City income tax returns on a combined basis with Killarney Advisors Incorporated ("Advisors"), a corporation wholly-owned by the Company's sole shareholder. The Company records its provision for income taxes as amounts due to Advisors based upon the estimated taxes that would be due if the Company had filed its New York City income tax returns on a separate entity basis. Amounts due to Advisors for current and deferred income taxes are included in due from Killarney Advisors Incorporated in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The Company uses the liability method to account for deferred income taxes. Under the liability method, deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the tax consequences on future years for differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each year-end. These taxes are calculated based on the tax rates, which will be in effect when these temporary differences are expected to reverse and based on the tax laws as currently enacted.

The Company has elected the cash basis of accounting for Federal, state and local income tax purposes. Additionally, the Company maintains a June 30 year-end for financial reporting purposes and a December 31 year-end for income tax reporting purposes.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3 Securities

In April 2000, the Company purchased three hundred (300) warrants which allowed the Company to acquire shares of The NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc. ("NASDAQ") common stock owned by the NASD. Each warrant entitled the Company to purchase four shares of NASDAQ common stock. The warrants were exercisable in four installments commencing on the 2<sup>nd</sup> anniversary of the date issued. The exercise price per share of common stock was \$13 for installment one, \$14 for installment two, \$15 for installment three and \$16 for installment four. Each installment was exercisable for a one-year period with each subsequent installment becoming exercisable following the expiration of the previous installment. The shares of common stock were non-transferable for a period of six months following the issue date. Installments one and two were not exercised by their expiration dates. Installment three was exercised on June 27, 2005 and the Company acquired 300 shares of NASDAQ common stock for \$4,500. Installment four was exercised on May 30, 2006 and the Company acquired 300 shares of NASDAQ common stock for \$4,800.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

#### 3 Securities (continued)

In April 2007, the Company purchased twenty-five thousand (25,000) shares of OTC Valuations Ltd. OTC Valuations Ltd. is a newly formed privately held company located in British Colombia, Canada. In the absence of a readily determinable market value, management has determined that the fair market value of its investment approximates cost as of June 30, 2008.

	Shares	 Cost	FMV		
NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc.	600	\$ 10,950	\$	15,930	
OTC Valuations Ltd.	25,000	 25,000		25,000	
		\$ 35,950	\$	40,930	

#### 4 Income taxes

The provision (benefit) for income taxes is summarized as follows:

	 Year ended June 30,					
	 2008	2007				
New York City General Corporation Tax						
Current	\$ 16,323	\$	10,295			
Deferred	(2,000)		2,800			
New York State Franchise Tax	459		100			
Delaware LLC Filing Tax	 309					
	\$ 15,091	\$	13,195			

#### 5 Net capital requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15:1. The rule also provides that capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10:1. At June 30, 2008, the Company had net capital of \$68,326, which was \$63,326, in excess of its required minimum net capital of \$5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .005:1.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007**

#### 6 Related party transactions

The Company shares office facilities with Advisors and is allocated a portion of such costs based upon revenue earned by both companies. The Company and Advisors perform investment banking and advisory services, respectively and utilize the same employees. Such allocated costs, which are included as occupancy and administrative costs in the accompanying statements of operations, totaled \$333,063, and \$358,469, for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Revenue that is subject to FINRA regulation (as determined by the Company with its counsel) and all related expenses, are either allocated to or directly incurred by the Company. All other business activity is conducted by the Company's affiliate, Advisors.

Accordingly, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company, as reported, are not necessarily indicative of the results that would have been reported had the Company operated completely independently.

In addition, from time to time, the Company receives advances from, or advances funds to, Advisors to be used for working capital purposes. These advances are non-interest bearing, payable on demand and are included in due from Killarney Advisors Incorporated at June 30, 2008 and 2007.

#### 7 Concentrations

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the Company had six clients that accounted for 100% of the Company's revenue. During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Company had three clients that accounted for 90% of the Company's revenue.

#### 8 Indemnifications

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts that contain a variety of indemnifications. The Company's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown. The Company does not anticipate recognizing any loss relating to these arrangements.

# COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIRED BY RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISION

#### **JUNE 30, 2008**

#### **NET CAPITAL**

Total shareholder's equity		\$ 626,754
Less non-allowable assets  Non-marketable securities  Due from Killarney Advisors Incorporated	25,000 531,038	
		556,038
Total net capital before haircuts		70,716
Less haircuts on securities Other securities		 2,390
Net capital		\$ 68,326
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS  Total aggregate indebtedness		\$ 309
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)		\$ 21
Minimum dollar net capital requirement		\$ 5,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above amounts)		\$ 5,000
Excess net capital		\$ 63,326
Excess net capital at 1,000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)		\$ 68,295
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		0.005:1

There were no material differences between the above calculation of net capital and the net capital as reported in the Company's Part IIA of the FOCUS report on form X-17A-5 as amended.

The Company claims an exemption to the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission under paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the Rule.

All other disclosures and reconciliations required under Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not applicable to the Company.

# Hay's & Gompany LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Globally: MOORE STEPHENS HAYS LLP

477 MADISON AVENUE NEW YORK, NY 10022-5892 TELEPHONE: 212-572-5500 FACSIMILE: 212-572-5572 www.haysco.com

DAVID A. LIFSON, CPA EDWARD A. KUCZMARSKI, CPA RONALD B. HEGT, CPA STUART M. FRIEDMAN, CPA CAROL S. MESSMAN, CPA TIMOTHY H. BOEHMER, CPA J. TIMOTHY GARLAND, CPA

> Board of Directors and Shareholder Killarney Securities Corporation

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM RULE 15c3-3

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary information of Killarney Securities Corporation (the "Company") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

# Hays & Gompany LLP

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

August 26, 2008 New York, New York

Hays & Company LLD

**END**